

### CIPC Semifinal Round, Session 1: Ling Ye & Honggi Kim (July 29)

by Daniel Hathaway



On Thursday evening in Gartner Auditorium of the Cleveland Museum of Art, the Cleveland International Piano Competition entered a new phase. In the first of four Semifinal rounds, two live pianists gave 40-minute performances for a live audience — a welcome change from the pandemic-dictated

videos that took eight pianists virtually through the first two rounds and bought them tickets to Cleveland.

**Ling Ye**, 23, from Beijing China, moved to the U.S. when she was 14 to study at the Curtis Institute with Jonathan Biss and Seymour Lipkin, where she graduated with a bachelor's degree in 2019. She is now enrolled in the master's program at Juilliard, studying with Robert McDonald.

Ye chose a wide-ranging program of music by Mozart, Richard Strauss (filtered through Percy Grainger), and Bartók that showed different facets of her musical personality.

Her graceful, lyrical reading of Mozart's *Sonata No. 13* hurried agreeably through little flourishes in the first movement, and pointed up structural events like excursions into the minor mode. She acknowledged the extra expressiveness of the chromaticism

in the slow movement, and made the most of the concerto-like final rondo with its embedded cadenza.

It was sometimes difficult to match up what we saw (rendered from a number of angles on the big screen above the stage) with what we heard in the music. The pianist indulged in the *de rigueur* practice of projecting outsized facial expressions, sometimes looking tormented during perfectly sunny passages. And while she emphasized special little moments in the score, she let others pass without much musical comment.

Ye abandoned facial histrionics altogether in the Bartók *Sonata*, getting right down to business and producing a muscular, tightly rhythmic performance that was at the same time open-textured and laid-back. Her playing in the final movement was just as wild as the music dictated, but well-controlled.



Between Mozart and Bartók came a real oddity: Percy Grainger's *Ramble on the last love-duet in Richard Strauss's Opera "The Rose-Bearer,"* with the additional score notations, "Yule-gift to the memory of my beloved mother. Dec. 1927" and "Begin before 1920. Worked out in 1926 and 1927."

The Australian-born pianist and arranger was a devoté of Strauss in general and *Der Rosenkavalier* in particular, as well as an advocate for the exploration of all the effects possible on the modern concert grand piano — including that mysterious third pedal that kicks up the dampers, allowing certain notes to continue sounding while other music goes on.

Ye was in total command of Grainger's elaborate score and its fussy notations, using the Steinway as a versatile machine to mimic orchestral colors and produce other-worldly effects.

A musical score for a piano piece. The top staff is in 4/4 time with a key signature of four flats. It features a dynamic of (mp) and a tempo of 'Slowly flowing' with a tempo marking of 104. The instruction 'Top voice to the fore' is written above the staff. A note on the first beat of the second measure is circled with the note 'Press down this note intensly'. The bottom staff is in 4/4 time with a key signature of one flat. It features dynamics of 'p' and 'pp'. The instruction 'S.P. (sustaining pedal)' is written below the staff. The tempo is 'In time, a trifle slower' with a tempo marking of 92. The instruction 'Top voice glassy, to the fore' is written above the staff. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines.

She ended her set with one of the competition's required show pieces, Lalo Schifrin's *Themes from Mission Impossible*, arranged for virtuoso piano by Alexey Kurbatov. This led directly — after a ten-minute pause — into a performance of the same piece by **Honggi Kim** at the top of his set, and the opportunity to compare the personalities of two different interpreters on the same musical turf.

Kim seemed more at home in the ethos of the TV series that ran from 1966 through 1973 and was briefly revived from 1988-1990. His take on the music clearly revealed the jazz origins of the Argentine-born composer who played with Piazzolla and created so many memorable title songs for film and television. Ye's playing was more objective, yet thrilling on its own terms.



**Honggi Kim**, 29, who studied at the Korea National University of Arts in Seoul, and continued his studies at the University of Music and Performing Arts in Munich, chose the dozen Etudes of Chopin's Op. 25 to complete his set.

Although written during the span of three years from 1832 and 1835 and published together in 1837, there's nothing to suggest that the composer intended the twelve pieces to be performed together on the same program. Kim took several chances by programming them all at once, not the least of them inviting fatigue on the part of both performer and listener.

On the other hand, these twelve pieces are so varied that they're continually interesting, yet so spiritually connected that the pianist was able to provide a convincing through-narrative. His pacing and spacing of the individual Etudes was masterful, and he connected the last three in a brilliant display of technique and musicality.

Throughout, Kim's keyboard manner was calm and efficient. Even No. 11, the famous "Winter Wind" that seems to blow nobody good, fell neatly into place under his confident fingers.



One of PianoCleveland president Yaron Kohlberg's innovations for 2021 brings each evening's pair of semifinalists together in a duo piano or four-hand piece — cooperation after competition — and our pianists du jour ended the session with a fine performance of Schubert's *Fantasie in f*, Ye at the bass end (*secondo*) and Kim at the treble (*primo*). Their playing was so nuanced and single-minded that they might have been performing together for months. Masked for the first time, their eyes were fully as expressive as their fingers.

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